



Enrich your vocabulary through Spanish the Latin connection

Many of the names of professions you learned in this unit are not only derived from Latin, but are directly related in meaning and spelling to their English equivalents. Others are less directly related to English words, but come to us via Latin. Match the English words in parentheses with their corresponding definitions.

1. **abogado** (from the Latin **advocatus**: *lawyer, one who speaks out*)
 - a. one who calls for justice: an _____ of justice
 - b. to speak in support of reforms: to _____ reforms
 - c. organ of speech: _____ chords
 - d. one who speaks very loudly: a _____ person
(advocate advocate vocal vociferous)

2. **dentista** (from the Latin **dens**: *tooth*)
 - a. false teeth: _____
 - b. a flower whose name means "lion's tooth": _____
 - c. toothpaste: _____
(dandelion dentifrice dentures)

3. **locutor** (from the Latin **loquor**: *one who speaks*)
 - a. a person who speaks well: an _____ person
 - b. the art of speaking well: the art of _____
 - c. speech lessons: _____ lessons
 - d. talkative: _____
 - e. a speech by one person: a _____
 - f. one who speaks from the stomach and projects his/her voice:
a _____
(elocution eloquence eloquent loquacious monologue ventriloquist)

4. **modista** (from the Latin **modus**: *manner*)
 - a. a manner of doing things: a _____ of doing things
 - b. fashionable, in an up-to-date manner: _____
 - c. clothes which are not in the manner of the day: clothes which are

 - d. to change in keeping with the style of the day: to _____
(mode modernize modish outmoded)

Some of the Spanish prepositions you have learned in this unit come directly from Latin, and many English words include these same Latin roots as part of their meaning. Match the English words in parentheses with their corresponding definitions.

5. **sin** (from the Latin **sine**: *without*)

- a. one who is without a mate: a _____ person
- b. a job without any real duties: a _____
- c. unique, without a like kind: _____
(sinecure singular single)

6. **antes** (from the Latin **ante**: *before, in front of*)

- a. to be of an earlier date: to _____
- b. money bet before cards are laid down, in a card game: an _____
- c. one's ancestors; those who lived earlier: _____
- d. a room where you wait before entering another: an _____
(ante antecedents antechamber antedate)

7. **por** (from the Latin **per**: *through*)

- a. to browse or read through something: to _____
- b. capable of being soaked through: _____
- c. to walk or stroll through an area: to _____
(perambulate peruse permeable)

